

Harp Seals



The harp seal or saddleback seal, *Pagophilus groenlandicus* is a species of earless seal, or true seal, native to the northernmost Atlantic Ocean and Arctic. Harp Seal. These "saddlebacks" are historically known as true ice enthusiasts, visiting the land mainly for breeding and spending the bulk of their lives at sea. Explore the icy Arctic realm of the harp seal. Learn why the short time they spend on land can be hazardous to their health. Harp seals spend most of their time diving and swimming in the icy waters of the North Atlantic and Arctic Oceans. These sleek swimmers often hunt for fish and. Facts about seals. Seals are pinnipeds. Harp seals are the victims of the largest slaughter of marine mammals in the world: the Canadian seal hunt. Learn about . Harp seals are the victims of the largest slaughter of marine mammals in the world: the Canadian seal hunt. This slaughter continues for many reasons including. The Harp seal pup is a sociable baby seal that enjoys the company of other seals . Read more at tmdcelebritynews.com Harp seal, (*Pagophilus*, or *Phoca*, *groenlandica*), also called saddleback, medium-sized, grayish earless seal possessing a black harp-shaped or. The Harp Seal is one that has lots of white fur on it. They also can feature areas of light brown and even some black. Learn more about the Harp seal - with amazing Harp seal photos and facts on Arkive. Harp seals have populations divided into three areas: Western North Atlantic, Eastern Greenland, and in the White Sea off the coast of Russia. Harp seals are a . Greenland's coast is the area of land which sees the highest number of harp seals. The scientific name *Pagophilus groenlandicus* literally translates as 'the. The ice-breeding harp seal, found in waters of the Arctic and far north Atlantic Ocean, obtains its name from the horseshoe or harp-shaped pattern on the back . About. Biology. The harp seal has an irregular, dark V-shaped mark on its back that resembles a harp, hence its common name. It is also sometimes referred to. Harp seals are found in the Arctic and northern Atlantic Oceans. Their range extends east from around Baffin Island and Hudson Bay to Cape Chelyuskin in. Taxonomic Notes: The scientific name for the Harp Seal has shifted frequently in the past with generic names of *Pagophoca*, *Pagophilis* and *Phoca*, and specific. Harp Seals (*Phoca Groenlandica*) are the prime targets for the commercial Canadian Hunt They get their name from the harp-shaped pattern that occurs on the. Harp seals live throughout the cold waters of the North Atlantic and Arctic Oceans . These seals are named after the black patch on their back, which looks like a.

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